# UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION 1540 (2004)

57th Annual Biological Safety Conference
of the
American Biological Safety Association
6 to 8 October 2014
San Diego

Terence Taylor
Coordinator
Group of Experts
Supporting the 1540 Committee



Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)



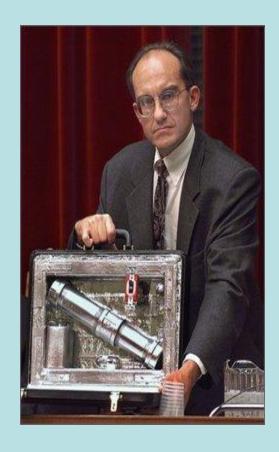






Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

#### Results of Proliferation of WMD to non-State actors



Model of what a nuclear suitcase bomb might look like



Tokyo Subway Sarin Gas Attack in March 1995



2001 Anthrax Attacks



🚰 start 🌎 🏉 🚱 😡 Mail - Inbox - I...

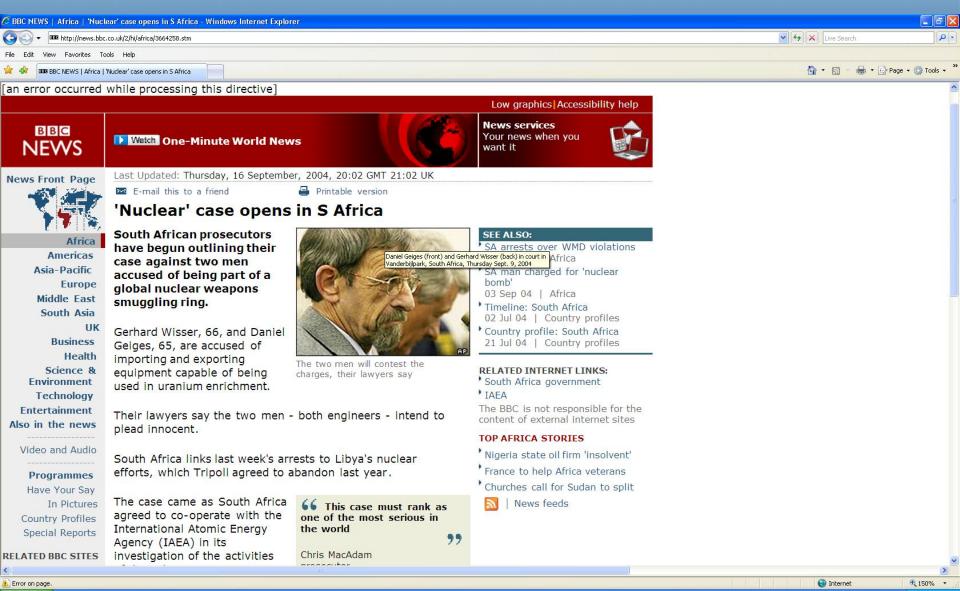
#### 1540 Committee

1540 GROUP O...

MEETINGS ATT...

wood\_2.pdf (5...

Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)



6 1540 Committe...

€ 1540shared@g...

BBC NEWS | Af...

wntitled - Paint

Microsoft Powe...

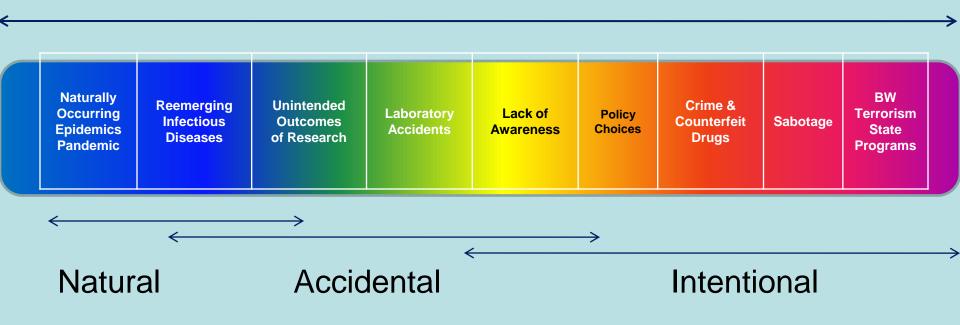
Document20 - .

8:18 AM



Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

# Spectrum of Biological Risks



From: EMBO Science and Security Series. Special Issue, 2006, Terence Taylor



Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

**United Nations** 

S/RES/1540 (2004)



#### **Security Council**

Distr.: General 28 April 2004

#### **Resolution 1540 (2004)**

# Adopted by the Security Council at its 4956th meeting, on 28 April 2004

The Security Council,

Affirming that proliferation of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons, as well as their means of delivery,\* constitutes a threat to international peace and security,

# **Basic obligations**

1. Refrain from providing any form of support to non-state actors that attempt to develop, acquire, manufacture, possess, transport, transfer or use WMD & their means of delivery

# **Basic obligations**

2. Adopt and enforce appropriate and effective laws that prohibit any non-State actor engaging in such activities, including acting as an accomplice, or to assist or to finance

# **Basic obligations**

3. Establish domestic controls to prevent the proliferation of these weapons, i.e., controls over related materials, measures in the areas of accounting / securing, physical protection, border and law enforcement, export and traderelated controls

The Resolution outlines obligations relating to *what* States have to do -- but not *how* to do it



Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)



The Secretary-General Sent a Message on the Tenth Anniversary of the Adoption of Security Council Resolution 1540 (2004), New York, 28 April 2014



Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)



Security Council high-level Open Debate on "The Non-Proliferation of Weapons of Mass Destruction: Commemorating the Tenth Anniversary of Resolution 1540 (2004) and Looking Forward" (7 May 2014)

(UN photo: Evan Schneider)



Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)



Foreign Minister of the Republic of Korea delivering the Presidential Statement at the UN Security Council Open Debate on 7 May 2014 in New York

#### **UN Security Council Presidential Statement 10 May 2014**

"The Security Council recognizes the importance of countering nuclear, chemical and biological threats in the context of resolution 1540 (2004). In this regard, the Security Council reaffirms the necessity to prevent non-State actors access to, or assistance and financing for nuclear, chemical and biological weapons, related materials and their means of delivery. The Security Council emphasizes the need for the Committee to coordinate its non-proliferation work with other international, regional and subregional organizations."



## **1540 IMPLEMENTATION**



#### **VOLUNTARY NATIONAL REPORTING**

- States are called upon to submit a report on the implementation of the resolution
- States that have submitted such reports are encouraged to provide additional information, including, voluntarily, on effective practices
- Continuous task
- All but 20 UN Member States have submitted at least a first national report



Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

#### NATIONAL IMPLEMENTATION ACTION PLANS

- States are encouraged to prepare, on a voluntary basis, national implementation action plans (NAP), mapping out their priorities and plans for implementing UNSCR 1540
- NAP has to fit national circumstances: scope, content and form vary
- Valuable to enhance inter-agency coordination for, among others, gap analysis, prioritisation, identification of assistance needs





Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)



The Minister of Foreign Affairs delivering an address at the opening of a visit to Bangladesh by representatives of the 1540 Committee

# UN Security Council Presidential Statement 10 May 2014

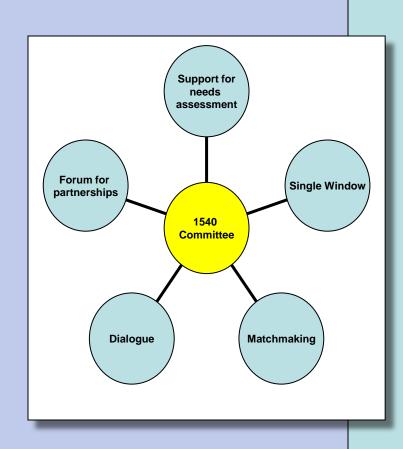
"The Security Council recognizes that many States continue to require assistance in implementing resolution 1540 (2004) and stresses the need of enhanced assistance in this area. The Security Council encourages and supports national, regional and subregional capacity building events as a means to support the implementation of resolution 1540 (2004)."



Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

## **Assistance – The Match-Making Role**

- Support in **identifying** implementation challenges and assistance needs
- Providing a forum for the development of assistance partnerships
- Single Window for assistance requests
- "Matchmaking" by the Committee and the Group of Experts
- Dialogue with relevant International,
   Regional and Sub-regional Organisations





Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

# Cooperation with International, Regional, Sub-regional Organisations (Illustrative List Only)



































# **Outreach to Civil Society**

- Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU)
- Biosafety Associations (IFBA, Regional (e.g. AfBSA) and National Associations (e.g., ABSA)
- Industry Associations
- Academia
- Regional and Sub-Regional Infectious Disease Surveillance Networks (MECIDS, MBDS, SACIDS)



Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

National Implementation Assistance Cooperation Transparency & Outreach

**UN Home** 

#### Main Page

Resolutions & Presidential Statements

About 1540 Committee +

Committee Reports, Briefings, and other Submissions to the UN Security Council

Comprehensive Review +

Experience Shared, Lessons Learned and Effective Practices

FAQ

1540 in the Media

Other Related Documents

**Useful Links** 

Contact Us



Sub-regional National Capacity Evaluation and Training Workshop for Personnel of National Authorities of State Parties from Pacific Island States involved in the National Implementation of the Chemical Weapons Conventions, Brisbane, Australia, 20-24 May 2014. (Credit: OPCW)

#### United Nations Security Council Resolution 1540 (2004)

On 28 April 2004, the United Nations Security Council unanimously adopted Resolution 1540 (2004) under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter which affirms that the proliferation of nuclear, chemical and biological weapons and their means of delivery constitutes a threat to international peace and security. The resolution obliges States, inter alia, to refrain from supporting by any means non-State actors from developing, acquiring, manufacturing, possessing, transporting, transferring or using nuclear, chemical or biological weapons and their delivery systems.

1540 Search

SEARCH



Oh Joon 1540 Committee Chair, Ambassador and Permanent Representative of the Republic of Korea to the United Nations

#### What's new on this site?

Secretary-General's message

on the Tenth Anniversary of the Adoption of Security Council Resolution 1540 (2004) New York, 28 April 2014

Ban Ki-moon on the 10th



Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

#### **1540 COMMITTEE**

- Not a sanctions committee. Does not investigate or prosecute alleged violations of non-proliferations obligations
- Cooperative and transparent approach to facilitate implementation of the resolution
- Working methodology: annual programme of work, annual review, comprehensive review every five years and working groups
- Assisted by group of up to nine experts
- Department of Political Affairs (DPA) serve as the Secretariat to the Committee. The Office for Disarmament Affairs (ODA) provides support to the Committee



Oh Joon 1540 Committee Chair

Assistance

Cooperation

Transparency & Outreach

Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1540 (2004)

#### WHO ARE THE EXPERTS?

A group of nine experts appointed by the Secretary-General who:

- Directly support the Chair and members of the 1540 Committee
- Work directly with States as requested
- Work directly with international organisations (regional and professional)
- Conduct and support outreach events



#### **CONTACT DETAILS**

#### Chair of the 1540 Committee

Attention: Chair, 1540 Committee: H.E. Ambassador Oh Joon, Permanent Representative of The Republic of Korea to the United Nations 730 Third Avenue, TB-08040E, New York, NY 10017 Fax: +1 (212) 963-1300, Email: sc-1540-Committee@un.org

#### **1540 Committee Group of Experts**

300 East 42nd Street, Third Floor, New York, NY 10017 Fax:+ 1 (917) 367-9358, Email: <a href="mailto:1540experts@un.org">1540experts@un.org</a>

Terence Taylor, Coordinator, taylort@un.org

1540 Committee Website: <a href="https://www.un.org/sc/1540">www.un.org/sc/1540</a>