

IMPLEMENTING THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE BIOSAFETY LEVEL III FACILITY AT THE ARC-ONDERSTEPSPOORT VETERINARY INSTITUTE

by

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Contributors:

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Background

- In 2003 – Avian influenza virus outbreak emerged in Asia & became a global crisis for animal and human health.
- WHO, FAO & OIE appealed for global collaboration & funding to control the outbreak.
- Preparedness plans - poultry surveillance, awareness creation & early detection was part of the agenda.
- Surveillance required high level contained facilities – BSL3
- FAO recommended to place a BSL3 facility at ARC-OVI because:
 - Major asset to the Southern African region as a reference and service laboratory for testing poultry samples.
 - Other labs had challenges with regard to diagnostic capacity and trained personnel.

Background cont.

Highly pathogenic agents needs to be handled in a high containment facility such as BSL3.

The institute's BSL3 facility was not yet commissioned to operate at the required level due to:

- Lack of the assigned personnel
- Unavailability of SOPs and manual
- Non-functional engineering controls and proper building and system integrity
- OVI has another BSL3 located inside a quarantined area and movement is restricted and mainly used for large animals

Objectives of the project

- To prepare the OVI-BSL3 building design requirements to be functional at a level that will address the hazards anticipated from the pathogens. The BSL3 was refurbished from an old building at ARC-OVI in 2006 and required major changes to comply to specifications.
- To compile all relevant documentation required.
- To ensure workers and environmental safety when working in the BSL3 facility following an extensive training programme.

Literature (WHO guidelines)

BSL3 facility should be assessed and certified for use before operation and thereafter on an annual basis as per regulatory requirements.

- Scope of certification based on: the **Engineering & Administrative controls & Practices** carried out in the facility.
- The model approach used for this project was the PDCA cycle:
 - Implementing the change
 - Measuring the results
 - Taking appropriate action

Areas of concern for a BSL3

The 3 main areas of concern are:

Engineering – design, renovations, modifications, safety equipment maintenance & the effluent treatment system (ETS).

Administrative - Training, incident management, Biosafety & Biosecurity programmes.

Practices – GLP, microbiological practices, risk assessment, SOPs, staff training, competence & personal protective equipment

Methodology Cont.

Step 1: Getting approval

Step 2: Appointment of the implementation committee

PLAN

Step 3: Conduct initial status survey

Step 4: Training and awareness

Step 5: BSL3 documentation - Manual

DO

Step 6: Internal audit

CHECK

6.1 Action planned/taken based on the
audit outcome

ACT

Step 7: Certification & Registration

Engineering – Building Design

Front entrance



Engineering – Building Design

Back door with sample port



Engineering – ETS tank



Engineering – ETS



Engineering – PPE



Results and discussion

Approval:

- Obtained from the ARC- CEO
- Funding by Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery (DAFF) & ARC

BSL3 Biosafety committee consisted of:

Research Team Manager

Quality Assurance Manager

BSL3 Facility Manager

Occupational Health and Safety Officer

BSL3 Technician

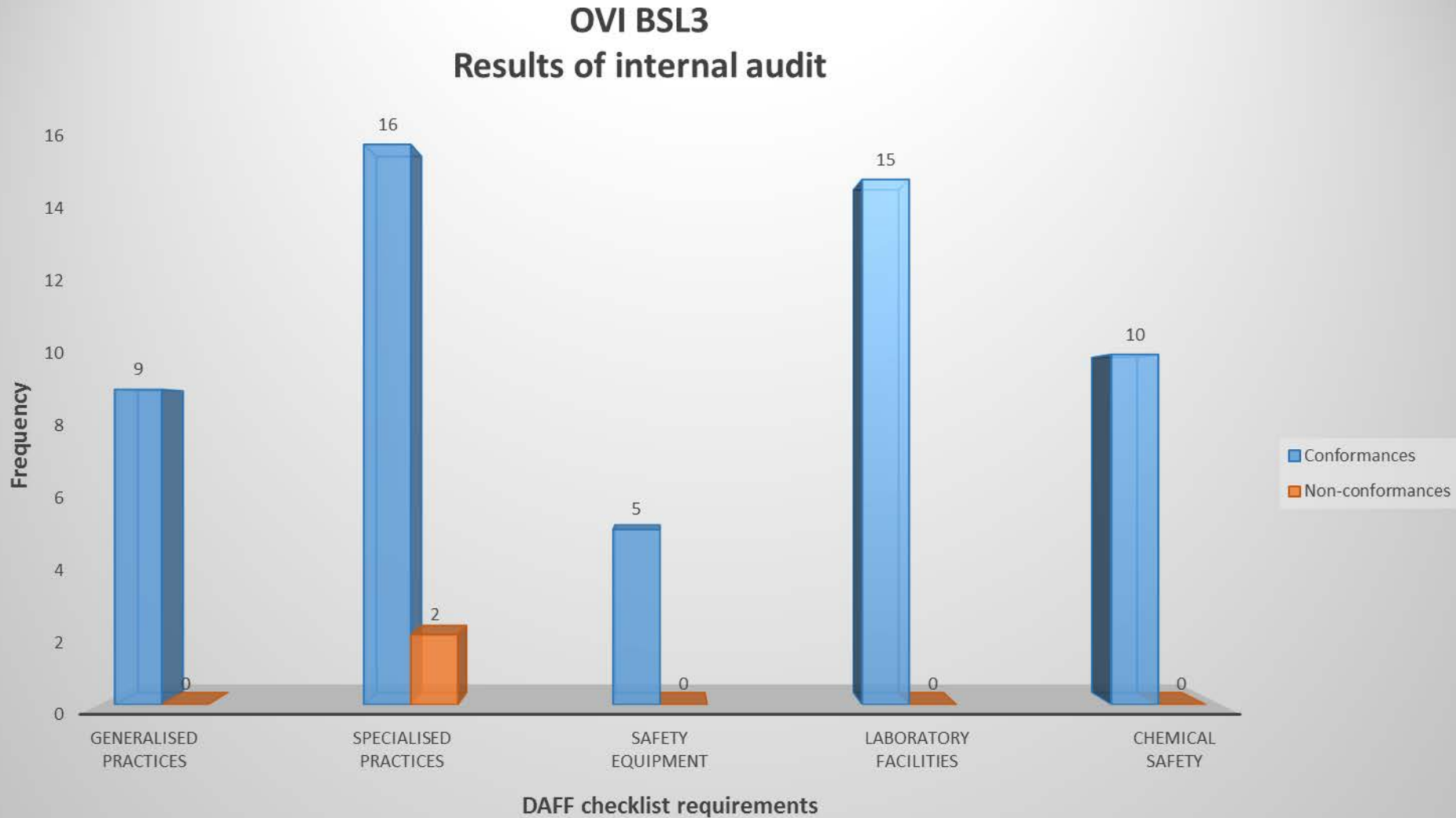
Results and discussion

Table 1: Summary of the gap analysis

DAFF checklist Requirement	Total assessed in area	Number of conformances	Number of non-conformances
Generalised Practices	9	6	3
Specialised Practices	18	10	8
Safety Equipment	5	4	1
Laboratory Facilities	15	11	5
Chemical Safety	10	2	8
Total in checklist	N=57 Non-conformances = 25		

Results and discussion

Figure 1: Results of the internal audit



Conclusion

Achievements:

- The building design requirements were met within the time frame as per project plan.
- Required documentation compiled and approved – Manual/SOPs.
- Workers and environmental safety ensured – Training and competency to work in the BSL3.

Based on stated findings, it was concluded that the BSL3 is satisfactorily prepared for the Department of Agriculture (DAFF) inspection.

- Approval Received November 2015

Challenges

- One shower only – shower in/out & emergency.
- Shower design – needs improvement.
- One trained technician.
- Not enough bench space to perform multiple tasks simultaneously.
- No internal engineer – relying on external contractors.

THANK

YOU