GERMFREE ESL 1962



Durable and Sustainable Technologies for more Energy Efficient Facilities

Advancing Global Health with Durable Solutions

What is Appropriate Ventilation (HVAC)?





What is Appropriate Primary Containment?







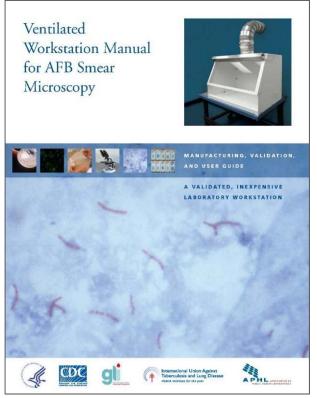
Understanding the Challenges





Understanding the Challenges







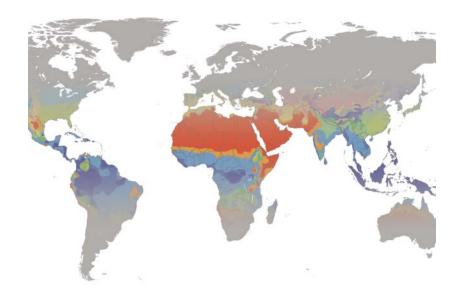


Appropriate Lab Ventilation Needs to start with Appropriate Primary Containment

"There is a need to develop effective and appropriate engineering technologies and innovative architectural features to maximize the use of natural ventilation for different climatic conditions worldwide."

-"Natural Ventilation for Infection Control in Health-Care Settings"

World Health Organization (WHO) 2009





Naturally Ventilated Laboratory

A Collaborative Effort - PUBLIC, PRIVATE, GOVERNMENT

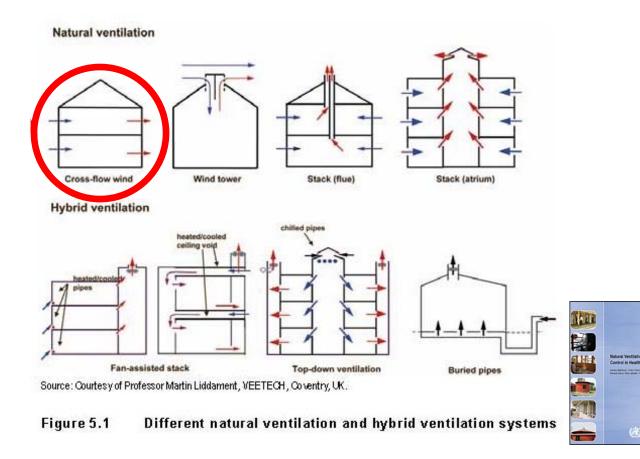








Natural Ventilation

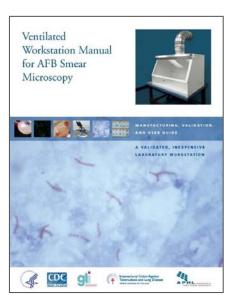


Primary Containment for this Project

Ventilated Workstation (Class I BSC)

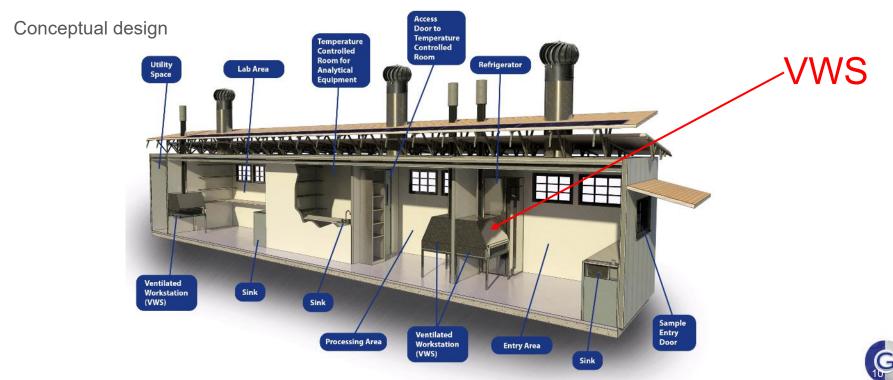
- Developed in partnership with the Stop TB Partnership, WHO, the Union, FIND and the CDC
- Open Source to aid Global Health







Placement of Primary Containment (VWS) and exhaust stacks properly Ventilate the Laboratory



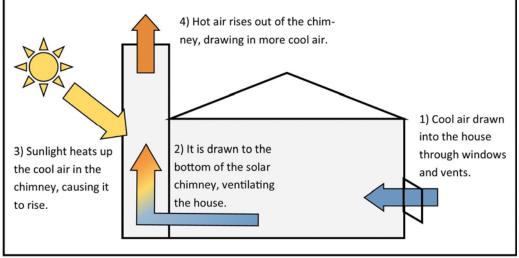
VWS Tested with Solar Thermal Stack





Solar Thermal Stacks







Lab Ventilation Design based on Primary Containment (VWS)

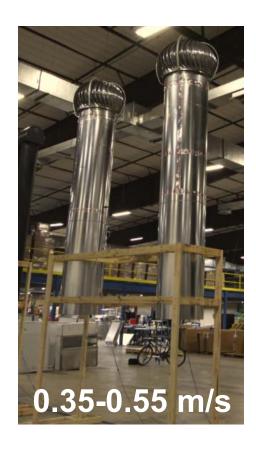






Whirlybirds (Wind Turbines)





Renewable Energy





Electrical Generated from Solar

Electrical Storage requires batteries







Electrical Generated from Wind

Electrical storage requires batteries

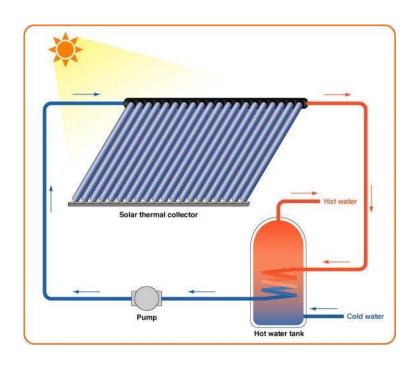






Solar Thermal Tubes for Hot Water







Solar Thermal Tubes

Hot water storage is efficient

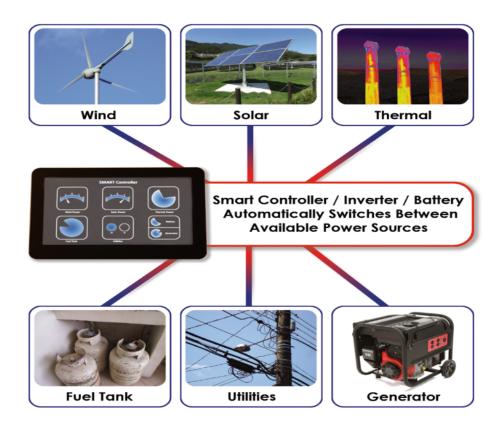








Utilize Multiple Energy Sources based on Availability and Storage

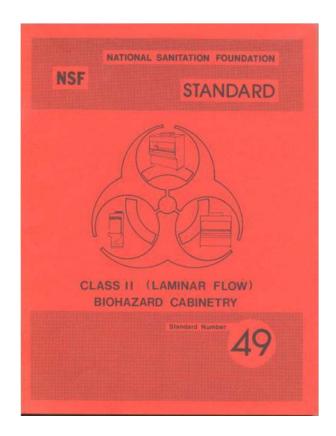




Primary Containment: Biological Safety Cabinets (BSC)

Biological Safety Cabinet:

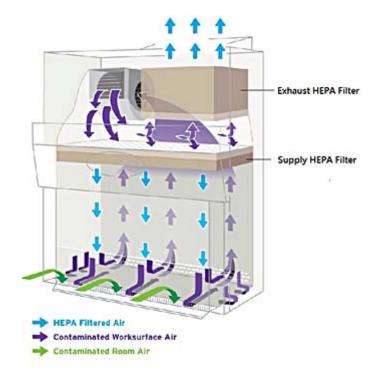
- Class I and III BSC have not functionally changed since major development in the 1940's.
- Class II development has been "frozen in time" since the 1970's by NSF 49 standard.





Primary Containment: Biological Safety Cabinets (BSC)

- Class II BSC are energy efficient.
- Especially when not ducted/vented.
- The labs they are placed in are not.
- Why is this?





Secondary Containment Biological Safety Levels (BSL)







HVAC/Filtration/Pressure Systems:

When did Secondary Containment become so complicated?

Why did Secondary Containment get so complicated?



Future Considerations:

BSL- labs of today are NOT suitable for operation in low-resource areas utilizing sustainable energy sources.

Large volume's of conditioned air required by BSL labs needs to be reviewed.



Future Considerations:

- Are BSL-3 lab HVAC/Filtration/Pressure systems engineered to "protect" the antiquated Class II BSC?
- Is the Class II BSC antiquated?
- Is there a need to re-develop primary containment so it can operate with less complex HVAC secondary containment?
- Primary and secondary containment systems need to be developed to match emerging sustainable energy sources.



